



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier LATICRETE 290 Super Floor & Wall Thin-Set Adhesive

Other means of identification None.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Adhesive.

Restrictions on use Workers (and your customers or users in the case of resale) should be informed of the potential presence of respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica as well as their potential hazards. Appropriate training in the proper use and handling of this material should be provided as required under applicable regulations.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Manufacturer

Company name LATICRETE International
Address 1 Laticrete Park, N
 Bethany, CT 06524
Telephone (203)-393-0010
Contact person Steve Fine
Website www.laticrete.com
Emergency phone number Call CHEMTREC day or night
 USA/Canada - 1.800.424.9300
 Mexico - 1.800.681.9531
 Outside USA/Canada
 1.703.527.3887

Supplier

Company name LATICRETE Australia
Address P.O. Box 508
 Virginia Business Mail Centre
 29 Telford Street
 VIRGINIA QLD 4014
 Australia
Telephone (61) (7) 3865-1599
Website www.laticrete.com
Emergency phone number 1.703.527.3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the hazardous chemical

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
Environmental hazards	Specific target organ toxicity following repeated exposure	Category 2 (lung)
	Not classified.	

Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard symbol(s)

Corrosion

Health hazard

Exclamation mark

Signal word

Danger

Hazard Statement(s)

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statement(s)**Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Not classified.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients**Mixture**

Identity of chemical ingredients	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration of ingredients
Silica Sand	14808-60-7	55 - 65
Portland Cement	65997-15-1	35 - 45

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures**Description of necessary first aid measures****Inhalation**

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Eye contact

Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Personal protection for first-aid responders

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Rash. Coughing. Irritant effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Medical attention and special treatment

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable extinguishing media None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Hazchem Code None.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep upwind. Avoid formation of dust. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation.

For emergency responders Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Sweep or shovel up material and place in a clearly labeled container for waste. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Keep container tightly closed. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters Follow standard monitoring procedures.

Occupational exposure limits

Australia. National Workplace OELs (Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants, Appendix A)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	Inhalable dust.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.

Australia. OELs. (Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	Inspirable dust.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m ³	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

UK. EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	4 mg/m ³	Respirable dust.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³	Inhalable dust. Respirable.
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).		
Exposure guidelines	Occupational exposure to nuisance dust (total and respirable) and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.		
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.		
Individual protection measures, for example personal protective equipment (PPE)			
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear chemical-resistant, impervious gloves.		
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.		
Respiratory protection	Wear a dust mask if dust is generated above exposure limits.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.		
Hygiene measures	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder.
Colour	Off-white.
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.

Decomposition temperature Not available.
Viscosity Not available.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on possible routes of exposure

Inhalation Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing.
Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Ingestion Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

Symptoms related to exposure Rash. Coughing. Irritant effects. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Acute toxicity May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No data available.

Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However in making the overall evaluation, IARC noted that "carcinogenicity was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs." (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003)

ACGIH Carcinogens

Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)

A2 Suspected human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause lung injury, including silicosis.

Other information Inhalation of high concentrations of quartz dust can lead to the lung disease known as silicosis, with cough and shortness of breath.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.
Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential No data available for this product.
Mobility in soil The product is insoluble in water and will sediment in water systems.
Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

ADG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations

National regulations This Material Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with the Australia National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets (NOHSC: 2011.)

High Volume Industrial Chemicals (HVIC)

Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	> 1000000 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.
Silica Sand (CAS 14808-60-7)	100000 - 999999 TONNES See the regulation for additional information.

Importation of Ozone Depleting Substances (Customs(Prohibited imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 10)

Not listed.

National Pollutant Inventory (NPI) substance reporting list

Not listed.

Prohibited Carcinogenic Substances

Not regulated.

Prohibited Substances (National Model Regulation for the control of Workplace Hazardous Substances, Schedule 2 NOHSC:1005 (1994) as amended)

Not listed.

Restricted Importation of Organochlorine Chemicals (Customs(Prohibited Imports) Regulations 1956, Schedule 9)

Not listed.

Restricted Carcinogenic Substances

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date	13-April-2016
Revision date	-
References	HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)
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